
Washington, Feb. 6.—Forecast
for Arizona: Rain in south, snow
in north Tuesday and Wednes-
day.

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UNIVERSITY CLUB

KIBBEY NEW GOVERNOR TUCKER, OF NEBRASKA, BECOMES JUDGE NOMINATED YESTERDAY

PRESIDENT SENDS APPOINTMENTS TO SENATE
'STATEHOOD BILL HUNG UP IN HOUSE'
WILL NOT ENDORSE BILL AS AMENDED

SPECIAL TO REVIEW.)
Washington, D. C., Feb. 10.—The President today sent to the Senate the following nominations: Governor of Arizona, Jos. H. Kibbey, Arizona; Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona, Eugene A. Tucker, of Nebraska.
Washington, Feb. 10.—The selection of J. H. Kibbey, present attorney general of Arizona, to be Governor to succeed Alexander O. Brodie, came as a complete surprise with the exception of a very few close to the administration throne, an intimation of which was given in my special last night. No one had an idea that he would be appointed until a few days ago, and it was not thought that any appointment would be made for several weeks. Judge Kibbey was appointed upon the endorsement of Governor Brodie. Arizonians who are here were somewhat disappointed that Col. J. H. McClintock, at present postmaster at Phoenix, did not receive the appointment. However, everyone speaks in the highest terms of the appointment of Judge Kibbey.

The announcement of the appointment of Judge Kibbey to be Governor of Arizona, was received in the Review office yesterday at 2 p. m. directly from the press gallery of the Senate, and was the first news received in Bisbee of the appointment. The appointment has been well received in Bisbee among the Democrats and Republicans alike. Judge Kibbey has long been identified with the territory, and has resided here for the past fifteen years. He is one of the foremost lawyers of Arizona, and during the past few years has devoted most of his time to irrigation matters. He served as judge of the Third Judicial District during the administration of President Harrison, and was at one time district attorney of Maricopa county. Judge Kibbey is a native of Indiana, and it is presumed that Vice-President Fairbanks was more or less instrumental in securing the appointment. At the last Republican National convention Judge Kibbey headed the Arizona delegation as chairman, and upon the resignation of Attorney General Wells a few months ago, Judge Kibbey was appointed to fill the vacancy.
Cochise county Republicans, or at least a majority of them, had endorsed W. F. Nichols, of this county, for the position, but it is understood that Mr. Nichols would not consider the appointment favorably.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Statehood for Oklahoma and New Mexico will not be granted during this session of Congress, unless it is on lines provided in the House statehood bill. This was decided today at a conference of the Republican members of the House.

The following resolution setting forth the position was adopted, 112 to 33, after three hours debate:
"Resolved, That the sense of this conference is that the action and policy of the Republican caucus on April 19, 1904, regarding admission of Oklahoma and Indian Territory as one state, and New Mexico and Arizona as one state, as provided in house bill No. 14,749, which bill has been amended by the Senate and is now pending in the House committee, be insisted upon, and that we insist on such parliamentary proceedings as can be adopted by a majority of the House, under which the aforesaid policy of the Republicans of the House will be worked out."

Speaker Cannon is the author of this resolution. When the conference convened there were three proposals before it, none of which were adopted. Rodey made a strong appeal for concurrence with the Senate bill.
The ground was taken by those who favored the House provisions or nothing, that the Republicans of the House would be sacrificing to a few Republican Senators who had seen fit to unite with the minority of the Senate if the bill as amended was accepted.
A definition of what is regarded as the binding feature of a caucus was made to those Republican members who have indicated an intention to vote with the Democrats, should opportunity arise for acceptance of the Senate bill. This definition was that unless the member gives notice to the caucus that he will not be bound by its action he must hold himself bound thereby.
There is some talk among House members tonight that the Senate might accept the House bill, and negotiations with this in view have been in progress. To make it impossible for the House committee to take any action, the committee at its last meeting adjourned to meet at call of the chairman, and no meeting will be held until call shall have been issued.

SURPRISE TO TUCKER.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 10.—State Senator E. A. Tucker, of Humboldt, today received a telegram from Congressman Burkett that the President had appointed him to a federal judgeship of Arizona. Senator Tucker was not an applicant, and the appointment came as a surprise to him.

BRIDEGROOM A THIEF.

Philadelphia, Feb. 10.—John U. Teris, a foreman, and Bartholomew McIlhenney, a platform man for the United States Express Company, were arrested last night charged with the larceny of express packages of diamonds and jewelry to the amount of \$1,000. Teris returned from his wedding trip and was arrested when he applied for his pay.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Justice Harlan of the Supreme Court of the United States early this morning denied an application for a writ or error in the case of J. Samuel McCue, former Mayor of Charlottesville, Va., who was under sentence of death handed today for the murder of his wife. Justice Harlan based his denial on the ground that no federal question was presented in the application for the writ.

THE RATE BILL MAY PASS

Washington, Feb. 10.—It is not so dead sure, after all, that the Senate will fail to legislate upon a bill enlarging the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission and regulating freight rates of railroads. The specter of an extra session of Congress in the spring frightens old Republican Senators, and they view with alarm the advent in the new Senate of earnest agitators of the La Follette kind. Then some of the big railroad magnates of the country are coming around to the opinion that perhaps they can secure through this Congress a more conservative railroad measure than in the fifty-ninth Congress. There is much in this, for the next Congress is a Roosevelt one through and through, and the tremendous majority

in the House will be so overwhelming for Teddy and all that he stands for that the Senate will have trouble in stemming the tide. Therefore, as the Esch-Townsend Railroad Bill passed the House with a whoop it is not out of reckoning to predict that the Senate may fiddle-faddle for a brief period, in order to establish its claim as a deliberative body and to preserve its ancient dignity, and finally "fall down like a row of bricks." Indeed, such a thing has often happened here, and there is no reason why it should not happen again and in the matter pending. And it can be said in conclusion that the sentiment is growing stronger daily in the Senate in favor of settling the question before adjournment.

KILLED IN MEXICAN RAILROAD WRECK.

Laredo, Tex., Feb. 9.—Passenger train No. 4, over the National Railway of Mexico, which left here yesterday morning, collided with a freight train at Caraneros, Mexico, today.

It is not known how many were killed, but rumor states that thirteen are dead and seventeen wounded.

HOCH ADMITS TEN WIVES.

Under Police Interrogation He Gives Their Names.

Chicago, Feb. 9.—Johann Hoch, indicted for bigamy, suspected of murder and a man of many aliases, arrived in Chicago tonight.

The examination of Hoch by the police was concluded after midnight, and just before its close he confessed that he had married ten women. Hoch also admitted that he intended to commit suicide, and that the white powder found in the fountain pen taken from his room in New York City was arsenic he had purchased with the intention of killing himself. The names of two of the women married by Hoch were not disclosed by the police. The other eight were: Julia Steinbrecher, married in 1894; Mrs. Marie Wacker, married December 12, 1904; Mrs. Mary Becker, St. Louis; Mrs. Anna Hendrick, married in Hamou, Ind., January 2, 1902; Mrs. Marie Goerk, married in 1904; Mrs. Mary Rankin, married in 1894; Mrs. Martha Horddeit, now of Pasadena, Cal., married in 1895; Mrs. Emilie Fischer, married in December, 1904.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 10.—The indictment charging Manager Will Q. Davis of the Inquirer theater with manslaughter, on account of loss of life in the fire which destroyed the theater, was quashed today on the ground that the document failed to show any omission of duty on the part of Davis.

RIOT HORRORS ARE FEARED TOMORROW Russian Military Better Prepared than Before FOREIGNERS FLEEING FROM MOSCOW

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—The Poulkoff iron works, where the former strike originated, is the center of new trouble. There are 30,000 workmen already out within the metropolis, and workmen at the torpedo factory in Kolpino, eighteen miles distant, have joined. There is strong prospect of the movement extending.
Thus far there have been no disorders in St. Petersburg, and the authorities appear to have the situation well in hand in this respect. It is generally believed that such precautions have been taken as will preclude a repetition of the bloodshed of January 22.
Sunday will be the crucial time. The position of the workmen is distinctly weaker than it was three weeks ago, for they are without money. Father Gopon's organization still exists, but secretly, and it is less effective. Reports from many factories show that the hands are ripe for trouble and likely to strike.

Troops Firm in Poland.

Berlin, Feb. 10.—According to press dispatches from Kattowitz, Russian Poland, collision occurred today between 15,000 strikers and military at Skarzysko, in which 24 strikers were killed and forty wounded. The military, it is reported, fired on strikers at Ostrowiec, but casualties in that case are not known.
The Lokal Anzeiger's Warsaw dispatch gives the number of strikers killed at Lodz on Thursday as 19, wounded, 112. These figures apply to only part of the disturbances. The sharpest fight took place before the factory of the Schiedler company, the number of strikers killed or wounded not being reported. Two soldiers were killed.
A dispatch from Sosnowice says: "A procession of strikers from Seagorge going to Slesce, where a demonstration had been planned, was dispersed by the military, who freely used their swords and whips. Troops continue to arrive in large numbers. The strikers have called a great meeting for Sunday, which it is feared will cause trouble."

Trouble Expected in Moscow.

Moscow, Russia, Feb. 9.—American and English residents, in fear of a impending storm, are sending their families out of Russia across the border into Germany and Austria.
On the surface the city continues to be as peaceful as a sleeping child.

MURDERESS MAKES LATE CONFESSION

CRIME FOR WHICH TWO WERE
TO HANG CHANGES
ASPECT.

Murder was of Woman's Husband—
Negro Alleged to Have Been Assistant—Strong Effort to Save Her from Gallows Next Thursday.

Reading, Pa., Feb. 10.—Mrs. Kate Edwards, who is under sentence to be hanged with Samuel Greason on Thursday next for the murder of her husband, made a statement to her counsel today in which she exonerated Greason from complicity in the murder.

The statement will not be given to the public until after presented to the board of pardons, but the inference is left that she has admitted that she alone committed the crime. Mrs. Edwards and Greason, who is a colored man, were convicted of the murder of Edwards and since the death sentence was pronounced, extraordinary efforts have been made to save her from the gallows. The board of pardons has heretofore refused to interfere and the state supreme court has affirmed the lower court's decision.

Mrs. Edwards' confession, it is thought will put the case in a new aspect before the board of pardons. If the woman's statement is accepted by the board it may save the man's life. If the woman is spared it will therefore be entirely on sentimental merits, as strong pressure is being brought before the board not to permit the woman to be hanged. It is expected the execution will at the least be postponed, in view of the statement of Mrs. Edwards.

SYNDICATE BUYS SMELTERS.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 10.—A syndicate of Boston men headed by George Fred Williams has closed a deal for the purchase of three smelters, twelve gold and silver mines and one hundred thousand acres in Mexico.

FURTEST SOUTH IN AUTO.

Boston, Feb. 10.—Charles J. Glidden cabled today that he had arrived at Bluff, New Zealand, the most southern point in the world ever reached by an automobile.

UTAH IS TO GET UNDER AMENDMENT SLIPPED THROUGH PART OF ARIZONA

LEGISLATURE ADVISED OF THE KEARNS "BUG"
LEADS RESOLUTION OF PROTEST TO CONGRESS
FINE EULOGY OF BRODIE BY SPEAKER WEBB

Phoenix, Feb. 10.—A joint resolution was introduced by Neal today protesting to Congress against the amendment to the statehood bill in the Senate, giving to Utah all of Arizona Northwest of the Colorado River.

This resolution was due to the information received here that such amendment had been slipped into the Senate bill as sent to the House, contrary to the earlier information that the amendment had been squelched.

The information received here contained as a side note the opinion that it was not believed the Kearns amendment would stick, it being on the other hand almost certain of a speedy knockout. Nevertheless it was deemed best that Arizona's Legislature should immediately take steps to correctly inform Congress of its undivided opposition to the taking from the territory of any portion of its present holdings.

Phoenix, Feb. 10.—A fine example of the broad-minded citizenship of the territory and the capability of Democrats to put aside and out of sight all partisanship when it comes down to doing the right thing, was afforded today when the Webb resolution was presented making an appropriation to pay for a life size painting of Governor Alexander Brodie for the walls of the capitol building.

The resolution of Speaker Webb was greeted with enthusiasm, and when the eulogy to the governor which accompanied it had been delivered the House passed the resolution with a rising vote. In the eulogy to the

Another bill of moment passed was that of Perkins, appropriating \$10,000 for the erection of a suitable monument at Prescott in commemoration of the memory of Buckley O'Neill.

Aside from this work the session of the Legislature today was devoid of other than the routine grind.

HOLD UP LAST NIGHT MUCH INTEREST TAKEN

MINER ROBBED OF \$16 IN CASH AT
END OF A SIX-
SHOOTER.

Job Done Opposite Slag Dump—Highwayman Returned a Silver Watch. Officers Working With Descriptions of Men Wanted.

J. T. Wilson, a C. & A. miner, was held up opposite the slag dump on his way home from the city last night about 10:30 and robbed of \$16. A silver watch he wore was pulled from his pocket, but on inspection returned. Wilson reported to Officer Wilmoth, who went at once to the scene of the hold-up, but found no one in sight. Later, with Wilson, he visited a number of places but found no one that Wilson recognized. Of one of the men he was able to give a good description, declaring he would know him on sight. Of the other man his description was not so good. The officers are making vigorous search in the hope of breaking up the usual pay day run of hold up jobs.

COL. GREENE DELAYED.

Now Expected to Leave East About 20th—His Experts Arrive.

A party of experts arrived at El Paso yesterday from New York for the purpose of examining the properties recently taken over by Col. W. C. Greene in connection with the Sierra Madre railroad. The party carries about ten members, who go at once into Mexico from El Paso.

Col. Greene did not accompany the New York party, and is not now expected to come west until the 20th, or later. He is now at Chicago, but will probably return to New York before coming to Arizona.

ON CHAMPIONSHIP WRESTLING
CONTEST TO COME OFF ON
THE 22ND.

Large Crowd Witnessed Exhibition Work By Newcomers to City at Gymnasium Last Night—Adding to the Program for the Big Day.

The decided interest that the Carlock-Varnay championship wrestling contest dated for the 22nd has aroused in wrestling in the city was demonstrated at the Gymnasium last night, when an impromptu match between R. A. Brusser, a recent arrival from New York, and N. R. Patterson, lately from San Francisco, attracted a crowd that filled the lower floor.

Both men gave exhibitions which put them in the highly capable class in the opinion of those who witnessed their work. They will go on at Naco in the program preliminary to the big event of the 22nd. Mr. Patterson has had experience with the Jus Jai in its native land of Japan, and will probably give an exhibition of this interesting work at Naco.

Manager Hurst and Mr. Varnay go to Cananea today to look after arrangements for the big excursion coming from there to attend the Naco event. Next week steps will be taken to look after crowds from other points. Fifteen thousand circulars are to be sent out telling of reduced rates and the attraction in a general way.

Rounding Them Up—Officers of the city have resumed the nightly rounding up of vagrants about the saloons and streets of the city. This is due to the influx of undesirable characters that occurred during the early part of the week.

RUSSIAN REVIEW OF WAR

St. Petersburg, Feb. 10.—Reviewing the twelve months of war, the newspapers, with the single exception of the Nashadni, do not display any discouragement, though they frankly record an almost unbroken line of reverses. The Bourse Gazette, in a remarkable editorial, goes to the length of saying that while Russia has not won a victory, the lustre of Russian arms is not dimmed and, therefore, Russia can, without humiliation, discuss the possibility of the termination of the war, seeking a peaceful and honorable adjustment on the basis of a satisfactory understanding between the two countries chiefly concerned in the destinies of Asia.

The Nashadni publishes an open letter from the secretary of M. Bezobrazoff, president of the Yalu Timber company, demanding the truth about the Yalu river concessions which, he claims, were the direct cause of the war. He states that when the truth is known it will be seen how easy it would have been to adjust the differences with Japan.

The rather cheery outlook thus drawn appears to appeal to the people, generally as well grounded.